## RydEx 2024, Dortmund, Germany

## Strong nonlinear terahertz responses of excitons in Cu<sub>2</sub>O

Changqing Zhu<sup>1</sup>, Anneke Reinold<sup>1</sup>, Patrick Pilch<sup>1</sup>, Sergey Kovalev<sup>1</sup>, Julian Heckötter<sup>1</sup>, Marc Assmann<sup>1</sup>,

and Zhe Wang<sup>1,\*</sup> <sup>1</sup>Faculty of Physics, TU Dortmund University, 44227 Dortmund, Germany \*zhe.wang@tu-dortmund.de

Excitons in Cu<sub>2</sub>O have attracted significant attention due to their peculiar properties, such as the remarkable Rydberg series with the principal quantum number extending up to 30 [1, 2] and the realization of Bose-Einstein condensation [3]. We report on a time-resolved optical-pump terahertz-drive spectroscopic study of far-from-equilibrium states in Cu<sub>2</sub>O. Strong terahertz third harmonic generation is observed and investigated as a function of the pump- and drive-pulse fluences and by varying the pump-drive time delay. Owing to the sub-picosecond time resolution, we are able to identify two distinct third-order nonlinear terahertz responses in the time domain. By carrying out a systematic investigation of these responses, we can attribute the observed nonlinear responses to plasma and exciton dynamics, respectively.

## References

[1] T. Kazimierczuk, D. Frohlich, S. Scheel, H. Stolz, and M. Bayer, Nature 514, 343 (2014).

[2] M. A. Versteegh, S. Steinhauer, J. Bajo, T. Lettner, A. Soro, A. Romanova, S. Gyger, L. Schweickert, A.

Mysyrowicz, and V. Zwiller, Physical Review B 104, 245206 (2021).

[3] Y. Morita, K. Yoshioka, and M. Kuwata-Gonokami, Nature Communications 13, 5388 (2022).

## Acknowledgements

We acknowledge support by the European Research Council (ERC) under the Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme, Grant Agreement No. 950560 (DynaQuanta).